



Instructions Manual English

Motic Incorporation Ltd.





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1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 General safety instructions

- Please be sure to read these instructions before using the biological microscope.
- Additional information is available upon request from our maintenance department or authorized agency.
- To ensure safe operation and guarantee good performance of the microscope please pay attention to the precautions and warnings specified in the Operation Instructions.
- In this Operation Instructions manual, the following symbols indicate:



Caution! Electric shock hazard!



Caution! Danger!

1.2 Instrument safety

The **RED200 Series biological microscope** has been designed, manufactured and inspected according to the EN 61010-1:2001 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use.

1.3 Unpacking, transportation & storage

- The original shipping container, a foam box in a fiberboard carton, should be kept for use in long term storage or return shipment.
- When unpacking, please check the components according to the packing list.
- Please comply with the temperature requirements for transport and storage specified in the appendix of this manual.
- Set up, use and store the unpacked microscope on a firm and flat workbench.
- Please do not touch the optical lens surfaces.

1.4 Waste disposal

• Important: Any damaged biological microscope must not be treated as general waste; it should be disposed of according to relevant regulations.

1.5 Operation

When using the biological microscope, please pay attention to the following safety instructions:

- If it is used for any purpose other than the specified ones, including any individual component or part, the manufacturer will not take any responsibility.
- After-sales service or repair done by unauthorized personnel will void the warranty.
- Anyone who uses the instrument should receive instruction on the proper handling of the instrument and safety practices for microscopy. The biological microscope shall be placed only on a firm, flat workbench for operation.
- Since the biological microscope is a precision instrument, improper operation will impair or spoil its performance.
- The power unit is integrated in the main unit of the biological microscope: the grid supply voltage is within 100-240V~50Hz.



The biological microscope must be connected only to the normal power socket with a grounding terminal. Any extension cord without ground protection is not allowed to avoid failure of the protection function.

If there is any electrical failure (of the fuse system, ground protection or transformer), turn off and unplug the unit immediately. Make sure the microscope is set aside so it will not be used again and contact the Motic service department or a Motic microscope repair agency to have it repaired.

Please be sure to turn off the power before opening the instrument to replace LED illuminator or replace the fuse! Only use a fuse for the rated current.



Safety instructions for the use of immersion oil.

- Immersion oil is irritating to skin; avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
- Skin contact: wash with soap and plenty of water until the immersion oil is completely removed.
- Eye contact: flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 5 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
- Dispose of immersion oil properly. Do not discharge into surface water or sewage.

The biological microscope is not equipped with any special device to protect against corrosive, latent infective, toxic, radioactive or other hazardous samples. Therefore, when examining any such sample you must comply with the relevant laws and regulations, in particular the provisions related to accident prevention.



1.6 Quality Warranty

The **RED200 Series biological microscope** and the attached accessories are only allowed to be used for microscope examination as described in this manual. The manufacturer takes no responsibility for any other use.

- The manufacturer guarantees that the product is free from any defect in material or workmanship on the date of delivery.
- If any defect is found, notify the manufacturer immediately.
- Upon receipt of the Notification of Defect as described above, the manufacture is responsible to solve the problem either by repairing the defective instrument or replacing it with a new instrument of the same model.
- The manufacturer provides no warranty for any failure or defect due to normal wear and tear or improper use of the product.
- The manufacturer takes no responsibility for any damage caused by operation error, negligence or unauthorized dismantling of the instrument, or the use of spare parts from other manufacturers.

2. INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

2.1 General Views



Eyepiece



RED230/233



2.2 Part names



RED230

- 1. Eyepiece
- 2. Interpupillary distance scale
- 3. Binocular head
- 4. Quadruple Nosepiece
- 5. 4X/10X/40X/100X objectives
- 6. Mechanical stage

- 7. Condenser adjusting screw
- 8. Condenser fastening screw
- 9. Body tube lock screw
- 10. Arm and base (a single piece)
- 11. Stage adjustment knob (X-axis)
- 12. Stage adjustment knob (Y-axis)



RED230 & **RED**233

- 13. Condenser focus knob
- 14. Coarse and fine focus knob
- 15. Brightness control
- 16. Condenser (RED230 / RED233)

17. Condenser aperture diaphragm adjustment handle 18. Collector (RED230 / RED233)





RED220 & **RED**223

Condenser (RED220 / RED223)
Collector (RED220 / RED223)

2.3 Application

The **RED200 Series biological microscope** is designed for microscopic observation of thin specimens with transmitted, visible light.

2.4 Instrument and its major features

Major features of the instrument include:

- Built-in LED illumination with brightness adjustment.
- Cord hanger at the back to accommodate power cable; convenient and practical.
- Coaxial coarse and fine focus adjustment with coarse focus tension control.
- 75mm x 30mm mechanical stage with slide clips.
- Quadruple revolving nosepiece with ball bearings, thread pitch 0.8".
- Objectives: 4X, 10X, 40X and 100X (oil immersion).
- Field number of 10X eyepiece is 20; high point design for observers with glasses.
- Ergonomically designed binocular tubes with observation angle of 30°; adjustable interpupillary distance.



3. FIRST TIME USE & OPERATION

3.1 First time use

Before installing and using the biological microscope, make sure to read the Safety Instructions (See Chapter 1) carefully. When unpacking and handling, please do not touch the optical surfaces.



- After unpacking, place the biological microscope on a flat workbench and remove any foam padding or spacer used to prevent vibration during transportation.
- Connect the cable at the base to the power supply. Before plugging in, keep in mind that the working voltage of the biological microscope shall be the same as the supply voltage. (Figure 1)
- Turn on the power switch at the back of the base. (Figure 2)
 - Note: Make sure that the brightness control is in the minimum position before turning on or off the power switch.



- Rotate the brightness control to the desired illumination. (Figure 3)
- After use, turn the brightness control to the minimum position, and then turn off the power and put on the dustproof cover.
- The coarse focus tension (Figure 4) has been set at the factory, but can be readjusted as required (see figure 4, number 1).

3.2 Operation of the biological microscope

3.2.1 Interpupillary distance adjustment



- While looking through the microscope, grasp the eyetubes and move them on their hinges until the two circular fields in the observation field coincide with each other. (Figure 5)
- If several people will be using the same microscope, each user can record the correct interpupillary distance for them from the scale. The microscope can then be quickly reset to the correct distance.

3.2.2 Setting bright field illumination

The **RED200 Series biological microscope** has been set already before delivery and can be adjusted as follows:



Figure 6a (RED230 / RED233)

- Put the specimen on the stage and fix it with the slide clips. Note: The thickness of the cover slip should be 0.17 mm.
- If the biological microscope is provided with slider for phase contrast or dark field, first pull it out from the left.
- Final brightness should be set for the objective and magnification being used.
- Open the condenser aperture diaphragm to the position matching the numerical aperture of the objective.
- Lower or raise the condenser to locate the best illumination for the field.
- Rotate the brightness control to the desired intensity.

Figure 6b (RED220 / RED223)



3.2.3 Centering the condenser (Models RED230 and 233)

- Fully open the field of view diaphragm and condenser aperture diaphragm.
- Set the specimen on the stage with the cover glass facing up.
- Bring the specimen image into focus, using the 10X objective.
- Close the field of view diaphragm to its minimum setting by means of the field diaphragm ring.
- Turn the condenser focus knob to bring the field diaphragm image into focus on the specimen plane.
- Adjust the condenser centering screws so that the image of the field diaphragm appears at the centre of the field of view. At this time, stopping the field diaphragm image, just short of the maximum field of view, may be convenient for centering.
- Adjust and centre the field diaphragm so that it is just outside the field of view for each magnification change.

3.2.4 Use of field diaphragm (Models RED230 and 233)





- The field diaphragm determines the illuminated area on the specimen. Rotating the field diaphragm ring changes the size of the field diaphragm. For normal observation, the diaphragm is set slightly larger than the field of view. If a larger than required area is illuminated, extraneous light will enter the field of view. This will create a flare in the image and lower the contrast.
- The thickness of the glass slide must be 1.7mm.

3.3 Modification of biological microscope



Unplug the biological microscope before making any modifications.

3.3.1 Replace the eyepiece tubes



- Unscrew the head lock screw and take out the existing eyepiece tubes.(Figure 10a)
- Insert the new eyepiece tubes and its swallowtail ring slightly obliquely into the bottom of the two supports for the main unit.)
- Then slide the eyepiece tubes horizontally on the main unit and tighten the lock screw. (Figure 10b)

3.3.2 Replace the objective

- Lower the stage all the way with the coarse focus knob.
- Rotate the nosepiece to move the objective to be replaced to the side.
- Unscrew the objective and remove it downward.
- Fix the new objective into the hole on the nosepiece. Be very careful to match the threads correctly, the objective should screw in smoothly and easily. Make sure the objective is screwed in tightly.
- If one of the nosepiece holes is not used for an objective, a dustproof cap should be screwed into the vacancy to prevent dust from entering. (Figure 11)





3.3.3 Installation of camera (Models RED223 / 233 with trinocular head)

A camera with standard C-type threads can be connected to the photo port of the biological microscope using an adapter (a 0.5X adapter is supplied).

- Screw the adapter onto the camera.
- Loosen the setscrew of the photo port and remove the dustproof cap.
- Insert the camera and adapter into the opening of the photo port and tighten the setscrew.



4. MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING

4.1 Maintenance

The biological microscope is limited to the following maintenance only:

- Turn off the power switch after use, and put on the dustproof cover after the microscope has cooled down.
- Do not operate the microscope in a room with humidity higher than 75%.
- Remove dust or ordinary dirt on optical lens surfaces with a brush, rubber suction bulb and a moistened lens tissue.
- Use only optical lens tissues and optical lens cleaner (see below). Never clean a lens with a dry optical lens tissue. Be sure to remove any dust before using lens tissue and cleaner.
- To remove stubborn oily or lipoid dirt (such as immersion oil or fingerprints), dip the lens tissue into a 3 to 7 ethanol-ether mixture or a commercially available optical lens cleaning solution and then use it to wipe off the dirt.
- When cleaning an optical lens surface, wipe gently in a circle from the center to the edge.

4.2 Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Can not see	Nosepiece is not locked into the slot	Rotate the nosepiece to lock into the slot
the whole field	Condenser is not set properly	Set the condenser properly
	Aperture (iris) diaphragm is not set accu- rately	Set the aperture (iris) diaphragm accurately
Low resolution Poor image contrast	Incorrect opening of aperture diaphragm	Set the opening of aperture diaphragm accurately
	Improper focusing of condenser	Focus the condenser properly
	Wrong thickness of cover slip for 0.17 transmitted-light objective	Use the standard 0.17 thick cover slip
	No immersion oil or non-specified immer- sion oil for 100X/(oil immersion) objective	Use immersion oil supplied with the instru- ment or go to buy cedar oil for microscope when supplied immersion oil used up
	Bubbles in the immersion oil	Add some immersion oil or rotate the nose- piece back and forth to remove bubbles
	Immersion oil or stain left on the front lens of dry objective	Clean the front lens of dry objective (see above)
	Dirt or dust on the optical surface of objec- tive, eyepiece, condenser or color filter	Clean the dirty optical component
Poor LED illumination	Power plug is not plugged into the socket properly	Insert the power plug into the socket and turn on the power
	LED illuminator damaged	Replace LED illuminator



5. APPENDIX

5.1 Technical Parameters

Dimension (W x L x H)				
Biological microscope main unit w/ binocular tube	≈ 183x355x362mm			
Biological microscope main unit w/ trinocular tube	≈ 183x355x362mm			
Weight				
RED200 Series biological microscope w/ trinocular tube	5 KG			
Environmental Conditions				
Transport (within package) :				
Permissible environment temperature	-40 ~ +70°C			
Storage:				
Permissible environment temperature Permissible relative humidity	+10 ~ +40°C Below 31°C, max. humidity is 80%; at 40°C, linearly decreases to 50%			
Operation:				
Permissible environment temperature Permissible relative humidity	+5 ~ +40 °C Below 31°C, max. humidity is 80%; at 40°C, linearly decreases to 50%			
Altitude	Below 2000m			
Operating Parameters				
Protection grade	II			
Ingress protection	IP20			
Electrical safety	Conforms to GB 4793.1-2007/ IEC 61010-1:2001			
Pollution index	2			
Overvoltage category	II			
Rated supply voltage	220V			
Rated supply frequency	50Hz			
Input power	6.5W			

Light Sources

LED illumination:					
Color temperature	6000K – 7000K				
Even illumination of field	Diameter 5mm				
Applicable objective	4X to 100X				
Opto-mechanical parameters					
Coaxial focus adjustment mechanism:					
Coarse focus adjustment	42mm/rotation				
Fine focus adjustment	0.2mm/rotation				
Stroke	15mm				
Nosepiece:	Manual quadruple nosepiece				
Objective:					
Finite	Thread pitch 0.8"				
Eyepiece	Assembly diameter 23.2mm				
Field number 18mm	WF 10X/18				
Field number 20mm	WF 10X/20				
Stage:					
Dimension (L x W)	140x135mm				
Stroke (L x W)	75x30mm				
Coaxial focus knob	On the right				
Position of vernier	On the right				
Slide clip	On the left of movable clip				
1.25 Abbe condenser, fixed-Köhler	Used for 4X ~ 100X objectives				
Binocular tube 30°/20:					
Length of mechanical tube	Finite				
Maximum field number	20mm				
Hinge type interpupillary distance adjustment range	55 to 75mm				
Observation angle	30°				
Trinocular tube 30°/20:					
Length of mechanical tube	Finite				
Maximum field number	20mm				
Hinge type interpupillary distance adjustment range	55 to 75mm				
Observation angle	30°				
Splitting ratio	50:50				
Dimension of the third tube joint	38mm				

In the registered product standard, the electrical safety features of the biological microscope are: over voltage category II; pollution grade 2. The safety requirement test method and inspection rules for this standard product are based on EN 61010-1:2001.





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Design Change: The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes in instrument design in accordance with scientific and mechanical progress, without notice and without obligation.

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